



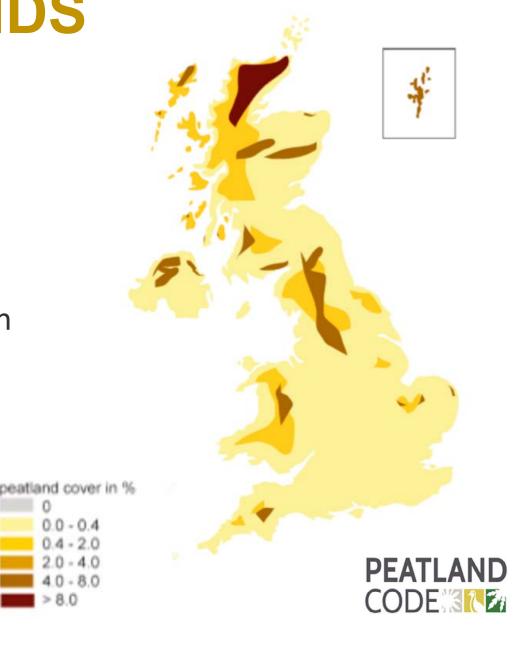
### PEATLAND CODE:





### **UK PEATLANDS**

- 2 million hectares
- In top 10 peatland countries by area
- Blanket bogs, Raised bogs and Fen
- 60% of UK peatland is in Scotland
- Store over 3 billion tonnes of Carbon





## The IUCN UK Peatland Programme has a vision for healthy, wildliferich peatlands in the UK, that provide multiple benefits for people.



The value of our peatlands is better understood and prioritised for restoration and conservation.



Bring together scientists, practitioners, land managers and policy makers and all those who can help to deliver strategic peatland goals.



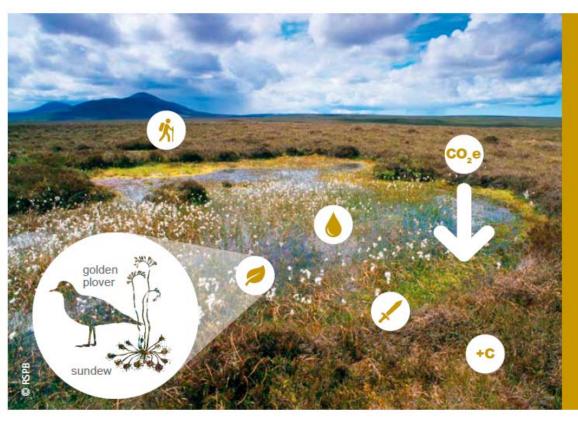
Provide guidance and promote good practice for peatland management that is underpinned by scientific consensus and monitoring, and is responsive to new evidence.











#### **HEALTHY**







Supports good water quality



Supporting sustainable land-use





# PEATLAND NATURAL CAPITAL

• 80% of UK Peatlands are in a damaged condition

Damage has been caused by:







# ECOSYSTEM SERVICES IN A DAMAGED PEATLAND

#### **DAMAGED**



Net carbon source



Dissolved organic carbon



Particulate organic



Carbon source depleted



Loss of biodiversity



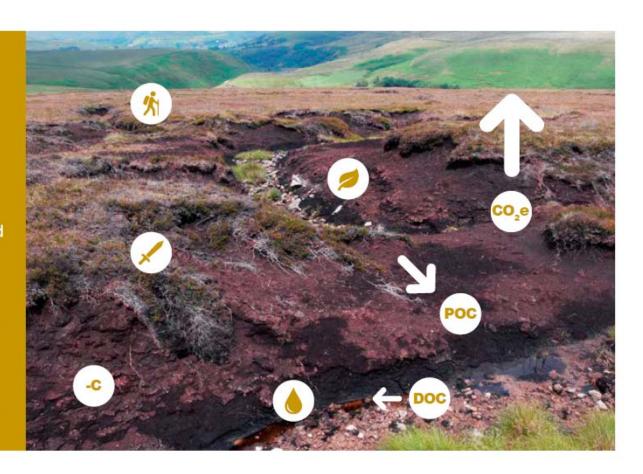
Loss of historic archive



Coloured, peaty water



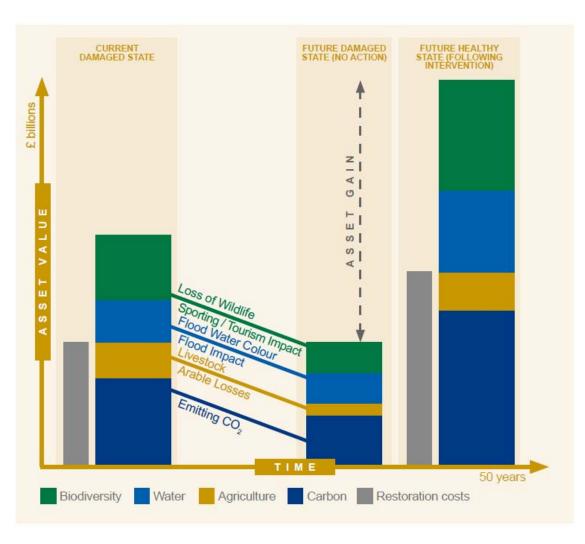
Farming and recreation compromised







### PEATLAND NATURAL CAPITAL



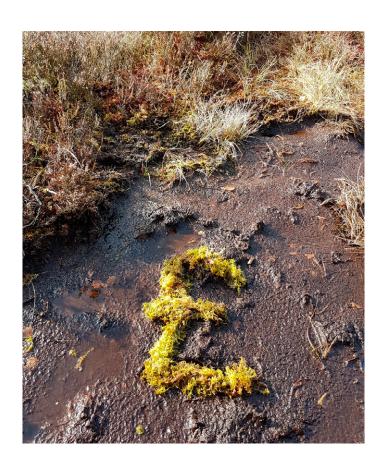
- Leaving peatlands in a damaged state imposes a HUGE cost on future generations.
- Challenge 2
   million hectares in
   good condition or
   under restoration
   management by
   2050





# HOW DO WE FUND THE RESTORATION REQUIRED?

- Public funding via grants and agri-environment payments?
- Private finance via 'Payments for Ecosystem Service' (PES) mechanisms?
- Blended finance initiatives?





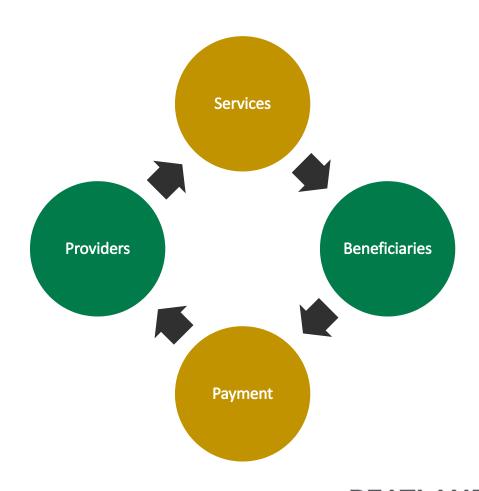


## PAYMENTS FOR ECOSYSTEM SERVICES

Payments to the managers of land in exchange for the provision of specified ecosystem services

#### But...

- How do we market an intangible product(s)?
- How do we acquire 'up front' funding - benefits accrue over time?







### **MARKETING A 'PRODUCT'**

 How do traditional, tangible products convey a message about quality, providence etc.?







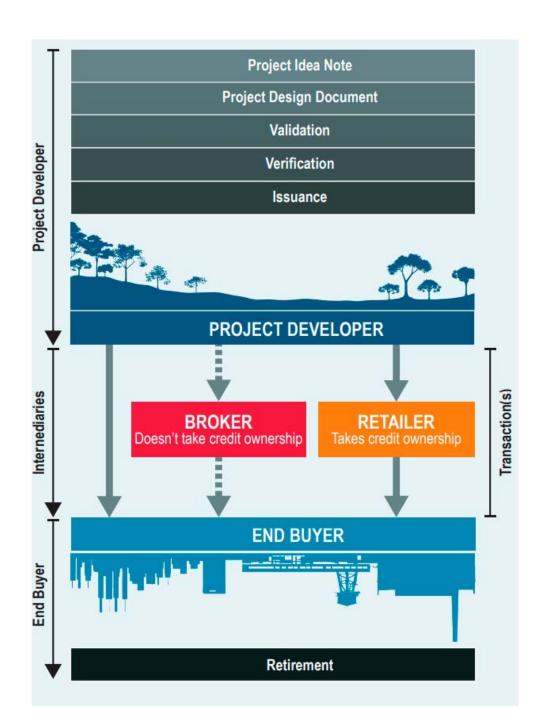












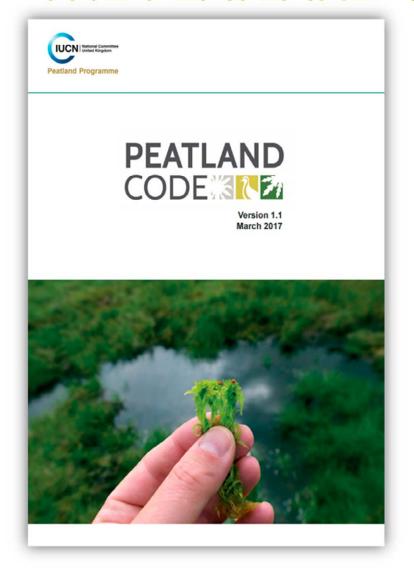


The Voluntary
Carbon Offset
Cycle, from
Project
Development to
Retirement





### THE PEATLAND CODE



A voluntary certification standard

*to...* 

attract private funding for peatland restoration projects in exchange for climate benefits

*by...* 

providing assurance to buyers







 Which ecosystem services do we present for sale and how? Bundled? Layered?

- Voluntary Carbon Market established in UK
- Focus = GHG emissions benefit
- One layer quantified, other layers inherent.







 How do we quantify the ecosystem service benefits of the restoration project over the project duration?



## CONDITION CATEGORY AND EMISSIONS FACTOR

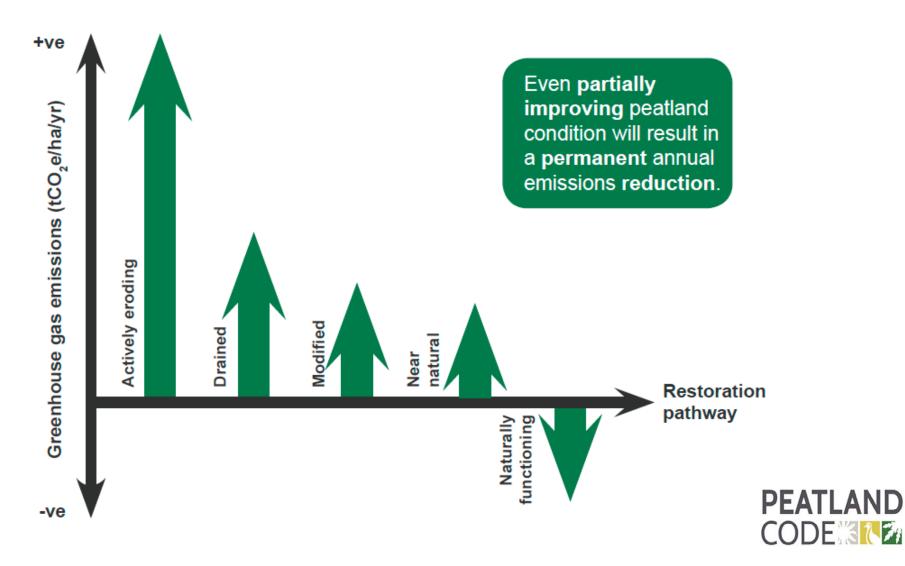


Peatland Code Condition Category	Descriptive Statistic	CH <sub>4</sub>	CO <sub>2</sub>	N₂O	DOC	РОС	Emission Factor
Pristine*	-	-	-	-	-	-	Unknown
Near Natural	Mean (±StE)	3.2(1.2)	-3.0(0.7)	0.00(0.0)	0.881	0	1.08
	Median	1.5	-2.3	0.0			
Modified	Mean (±StE)	1.0(0.6)	-0.1(2.3)	0.5(0.3)	1.142	0	2.54
	Median	0.2	0.1	0.5			
Drained	Mean (±StE)	2.0(0.8)	1.4(1.8)	0.00(0.00)	1.14 <sup>3</sup>	0	4.54
	Median	1.0	-0.9	0.0			
Actively Eroding	Mean (±StE)	0.8(0.4)	2.6(2.0)	0.0(0.0)	1.144	19.3 (average of 14.67 <sup>5</sup> and 23.94 <sup>6</sup> )	23.84
	Median	0.1	0.4	0.0			











## BARRIERS TO THE CREATION OF THE PEATLAND CODE

### **Barrier:**

 How do we quantify the ecosystem service benefits of the restoration project over the project duration?

- Lack of monitoring data restricted eligibility fen and afforested peatland not eligible
- Categorise and assign Emission Factor
- Ex-ante sales restricted claims to reduce risk







• Will the transaction cost of a certification scheme be prohibitive?





### TRANSACTION COST



- External certification body
- Site visit and review of documentation
- Validation
   statement
   issued valid
   for 3 years





## BARRIERS TO THE CREATION OF THE PEATLAND CODE

#### **Barrier:**

• Will the transaction cost of a certification scheme be prohibitive?

### Solution:

- Use proxies to estimate emissions benefit
- Build in risk buffers to ensure claims are conservative
- Incorporate new technologies to decrease costs further – UAV - PenninePeatLIFE



**Peatland Programme** 



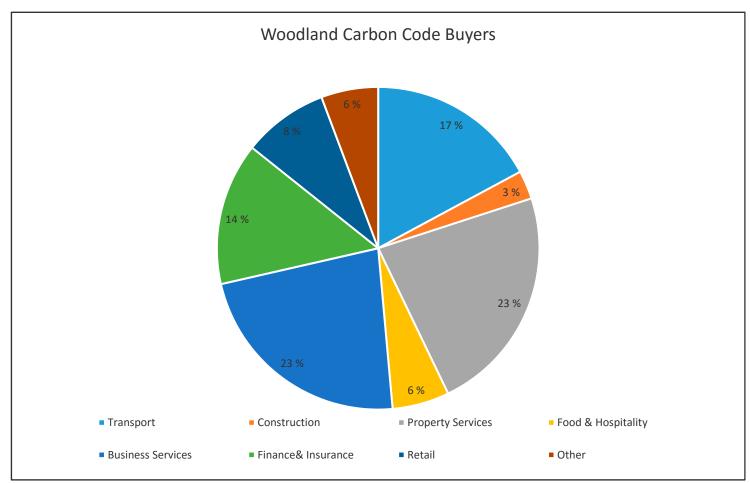


 Who will buy the ecosystem services and for what purpose?















 Who will buy the ecosystem services and for what purpose?

- UK based or operating companies
- CSR actions only not suitable for official offsetting
- Those interested in the multiple benefits that the project will supply







 What will the price be per ecosystem service unit? Will it cover the cost of restoration, management and maintenance?

- No set price voluntary market
- Relatively low as no market forces to drive demand
- Blended finance approach necessary







 How do we ensure that the ecosystem service benefits provided are additional? Would they have occurred anyway?

- With difficulty due to the need for blended finance
- Financial and legal tests
- Restricts eligibility







- 2013: Committee formed to develop the Code
- 2013 -2015: Pilot studies undertaken
- 2015: Peatland Code concept standard launched
- 2016: Feedback and revision
- 2017: Peatland Code V1.1 released for use
- 2017: Certification body appointed
- 2018: First project validated and carbon sold







Lack of a direct benefit for land owners leading to a lack of supply

 Blended finance covering only the restoration, management and maintenance costs – no incentive to enter into a long-term management agreement

### Progress:

 Working with leading environmental economists to look at the funding systems which could be utilised







Emissions from peatlands not formally accounted for in UK GHG accounting reports

 No government recognition of the GHG benefits of GHG restoration to give buyers confidence

### **Progress:**

 Peatlands to be incorporated in UK accounts within the next 5 years.







Peatland Code emission reduction units are not eligible for companies to use in the compulsory offset market

Voluntary market only – affects demand

### **Progress:**

- Paris Agreement opportunities for domestic offsets
- CORSIA Aviation offsetting







Very few projects produce emissions reductions of the scale required by larger companies

- Small restoration projects (area)
- Restricted emissions claims (Peatland Code)
- Emissions reduction accrues over time (30+ years)

### **Progress:**

Encouraging partnership projects at the landscape scale







- Generate a new funding stream for peatland restoration
- Contribute to tackling climate change and habitat loss
- Create a lasting legacy for future generations









- Incorporate forest to bog restoration
- Incorporate fen restoration
- Incorporate biodiversity and water benefits
- Incorporate new technology based monitoring to improve quantification methods







### FIND OUT MORE

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