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Use of fire as a environment management tool

Is it legal in Poland?







Law regulations

- Nature protection act
- ✓ Art. 124 "It is prohibitet to burn meadows, pastures, fallow lands, ditches, roadside belts, railway roads, reed fields and rushes.
- ✓ Art. 131/12 Who burns meadows, pastures, fallow lands, ditches, roadside belts, railway roads, reed fields and rushes is subject to penalty of fine or imprisonment



Law regulations

- Regulation of the Minister of Interior and Administration
- § 36. 1. In forests and in forest areas, in areas of meadows, peat bogs and heaths, and within 100 m of the forest border, activities which may cause fire risk are not permitted.



Law regulations

- Forest Act
- Art. 30/3. In forests and in forest areas as well as within 100 m of the forest border, activities which may cause danger are prohibited and in particular:
- 1) firing fire outside places designated for this purpose by the forest owner or superintendent;
- 2) use of open flame;
- 3) firing the top layer of soil and plant residues
- Art. 30/ 4. Provisions of par. 3 does not apply to activities related to forest management, provided that these activities do not constitute a fire hazard.





Tradition and practice



Burning is a traditional way of managing arable lands after harvest



Tradition and practice



... also a "standard" spring treatment of meadows and pastures









































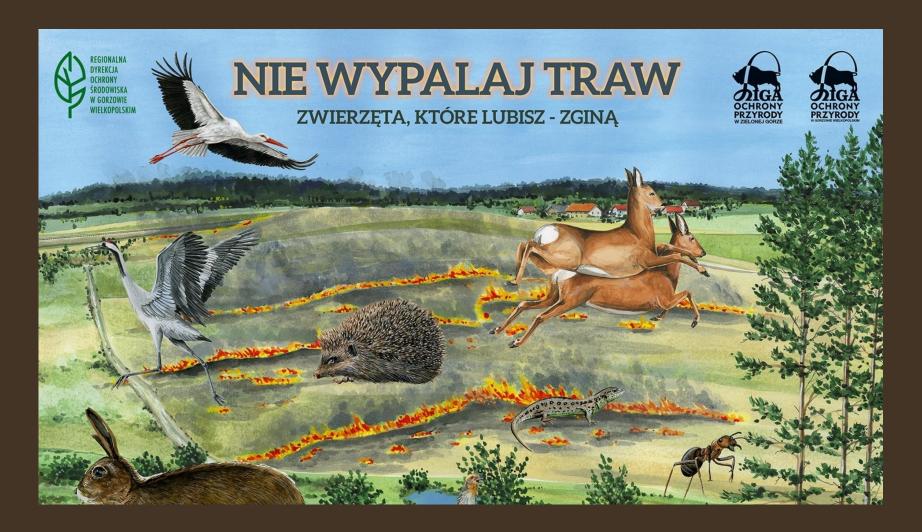






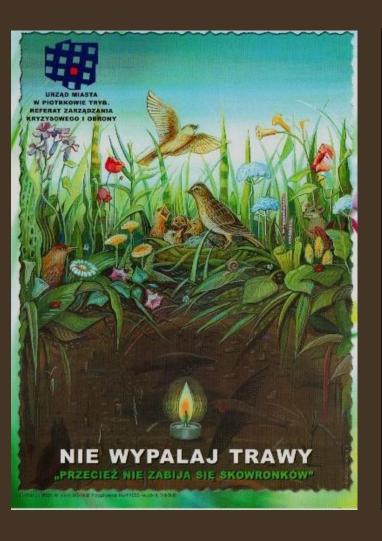














Dont burn the grass! She has no Chance to escap





After decades of fight against burning it would be extremely "uncomfortable" to explain the public that the fire in the environment is not only bad

Thank You for Your attention